DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE 1100 Commerce Dallas, Texas 75242

Release Number: **201321037** Release Date: 5/24/2013

> ORG ADDRESS

MAY 0 1 -2009

Person to Contact: Identification Number: Contact Telephone Number:

In Reply Refer to: TE/GE Review Staff

UIL Code: 501.04-00

Legend:

ORG = Name of ORG ADDRESS = Address of ORG Date = Date

Dear

This is a Final Adverse Determination as to your exempt status under section 501(c) (4) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Our adverse determination was made for the following reasons: Organization's activities were ceased and lacked the necessary requirements of an organization described to enhance the quality of education by advocating changes to state laws and polices affecting the quality of education.

The ORG fails to meet the requirement for exemption under IRC 501(c) (4) and 528. Section 1.501(c)(4)-1 of the Income Tax Regulations which states an organization is operated exclusively for the promotion of social welfare if it is primarily engaged in promoting in some way the common good and general welfare of the community.

As a result of a recent audit of your organization's activities and Form 990 for the period ended December 31, 20xx, the operation has been ceased and therefore does not qualify for exempt status under IRC section 501(c)(4).

Based on the above, we are revoking your organization's exemption from Federal income tax under section 501(c) (4) of the Internal Revenue Code effective January 1, 2005.

You are required to file Federal income tax returns on Form 1120. These returns should be filed with the appropriate Service Center for all years beginning after December 31, 2004. You have signed the Form 6018 on April 11, 2007, agreeing to this revocation.

You are required to file Form 1120, U.S. Corporation Income Tax Return. Form 1120 must be filed by the 15th day of the third month after the end of your annual accounting period. A penalty of \$20 a day is charged when a return is filed late, unless there is reasonable cause for the delay. However, the maximum penalty charged cannot exceed \$10,000 or 5 percent of your gross receipts for the year, whichever is less. This penalty may also be charged if a return is not complete, so please be sure your return is complete before you file it.

You have the right to contact the office of the Taxpayer Advocate. However, you should first contact the person whose name and telephone number are shown above since this person can access your tax information and can help you get answers. You can call 1-877-777-4778 and ask for Taxpayer Advocate assistance. Or you can contact the Taxpayer Advocate from the site where the tax deficiency was determined by writing to:

Internal Revenue Service

Taxpayer Advocate assistance cannot be used as a substitute for established IRS procedures, formal appeals processes, etc. The Taxpayer Advocate is not able to reverse legal or technically correct tax determinations, nor extend the time fixed by law that you have to file a petition in the United States Tax Court. The Taxpayer Advocate can, however, see that a tax matter that may not have been resolved through normal channels gets prompt and proper handling.

If you have any questions, please contact the person whose name and telephone number are shown in the heading of this letter.

Sincerely,

Marsha A. Ramirez Director,
EO Examinations

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Internal Revenue Service



February 28, 2007

Taxpayer Identification Number:

Legend:

ORG = Name of Organization
Address = Address of Organization

Date = xx

Form:

Tax Year(s) Ended:

Person to Contact/ID

Number:

ORG ADDRESS

Telephone:

Fax:

CERTIFIED MAIL — RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Dear

We have enclosed a copy of our report of examination explaining why we believe an adjustment of your organization's exempt status is necessary.

If you do not agree with our position you may appeal your case. The enclosed Publication 3498, *The Examination Process*, explains how to appeal an Internal Revenue Service (IRS) decision. Publication 3498 also includes information on your rights as a taxpayer and the IRS collection process.

If you request a conference, we will forward your written statement of protest to the Appeals Office and they will contact you. For your convenience, an envelope is enclosed.

If you and Appeals do not agree on some or all of the issues after your Appeals conference, or if you do not request an Appeals conference, you may file suit in United States Tax Court, the United States Court of Federal Claims, or United States District Court, after satisfying procedural and jurisdictional requirements as described in Publication 3498.

You may also request that we refer this matter for technical advice as explained in Publication 892, *Exempt Organization Appeal Procedures for Una greed Issues*. If a determination letter is issued to you based on technical advice, no further administrative appeal is available to you within the IRS on the issue that was the subject of the technical advice.

If you accept our findings, please sign and return the enclosed Form 6018, Consent to Proposed Adverse Action. We will then send you a final letter modifying or revoking exempt status. If we do not hear from you within 30 days from the date of this letter, we will process your case on the basis of the recommendations shown in the report of examination and this letter will become final. In that event, you will be required to file Federal income tax returns for the tax period(s) shown above. File these returns with the Ogden Service Center within 60 days from the date of this letter, unless a request for an extension of time is granted. File returns for later tax years with the appropriate service center indicated in the instructions for those returns.

You have the right to contact the office of the Taxpayer Advocate. Taxpayer Advocate assistance is not a substitute for established IRS procedures, such as the formal appeals process. The Taxpayer Advocate cannot reverse a legally correct tax determination, or extend the time fixed by law that you have to file a petition in a United States court. The Taxpayer Advocate can, however, see that a tax matter that may not have been resolved through normal channels gets prompt and proper handling. You may call toll-free 1-877-777-4778 and ask for Taxpayer Advocate Assistance. If you prefer, you may contact your local Taxpayer Advocate at:

Taxpayer Advocate

If you have any questions, please call the contact person at the telephone number shown in the heading of this letter. If you write, please provide a telephone number and the most convenient time to call if we need to contact you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Marsha A. Ramirez Director, EO Examinations

Enclosures:
Publication 892
Publication 3498
Form 6018
Report of Examination
Envelope

Form 886A	Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service Explanation of Items	Schedule No. or Exhibit
Name of Taxpaye	r	Year/Period Ended
		20xx12

Legend:

ORG = Name of ORG

Issue:

Whether ORG continues to qualifies for exemption under Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Facts:

The organization is primary engaged in activities designed to promote social welfare and is exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(4)of the Code. The organization has ceased performing its exempt activities outlined in the Internal Revenue Code.

Law:

Section 501(c)(4) of the Code provides for the exemption from federal income tax of organizations not organized for profit but operated exclusively for the promotion of social welfare.

Section 1.501(c)(4)-1(a)(2)(i) of the Income Tax Regulations provide that an organization is operated exclusively for the promotion of social welfare if it is primarily engaged in promoting in some way the common good and general welfare of the people of the community.

Section 1.501(c)(4)-1(a)(2)(ii) of the regulations provides that the promotion of social welfare does not include direct or indirect participation or intervention in political campaigns on behalf of or in opposition to any candidate for public office.

Rev. Rul. 68-45 Inasmuch as the organization's social welfare program is not its primary activity, the organization is not exempt from Federal income tax under section 501(c)(4) of the Code.

Conclusion:

It is the IRS's position that the organization failed to continue to meet the requirements for performing exempt activities in the furtherance of social welfare purposes under IRC §501(c)(4).